

Second grade

Social Studies Curriculum Calendar

2011

Weeks	Benchmark Number	Descriptor	Body Of Knowledge	Idea	Remarks/Examples
1,2,3	SS.2.C.1.1	Explain why people form governments.	Civics and Government	Foundations of Government, Law, and the American Political System	
	SS.2.C.1.2	Explain the consequences of an absence of rules and laws.	Civics and Government	Foundations of Government, Law, and the American Political System	Examples are lack of order and people get hurt.
4,5	SS.2.A.1.1	Examine primary and secondary sources.	American History	Historical Inquiry and Analysis	Examples are artifacts, photographs, newspapers, audio/video recordings, documents, maps, coins, and stamps.
	SS.2.A.1.2	Utilize the media center, technology, or other informational sources to locate information that provides answers to questions about a historical topic.	American History	Historical Inquiry and Analysis	
	SS.2.C.3.1	Identify the Constitution as the document which establishes the structure, function, powers, and limits of American government.	Civics and Government	Structure and Functions of Government	Sep. 17 Constitution Day
6,7,8,9,10	SS.2.G.1.1	Use different types of maps (political, physical, and thematic) to identify map elements.	Geography	The World in Spatial Terms	Examples are coordinate grids, title, compass rose, cardinal and intermediate directions, key/legend with symbols and scale.
	SS.2.G.1.2	Using maps and globes, locate the student's hometown, Florida, and North America, and locate the state capital and the national capital.	Geography	The World in Spatial Terms	
	SS.2.G.1.3	Label on a map or globe the continents, oceans, Equator, Prime Meridian, North and South Pole.	Geography	The World in Spatial Terms	Useful in studying Columbus Day.
	SS.2.G.1.4	Use a map to locate the countries in North America (Canada, United States, Mexico, and the Caribbean Islands).	Geography	The World in Spatial Terms	
11	SS.2.A.3.1	Identify terms and designations of time sequence.	American History	Chronological Thinking	Examples are years, decades, centuries.

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12,13, 14,15, 16	SS.2.A.2.1	Recognize that Native Americans were the first inhabitants in North America.	American History	Historical Knowledge	
	SS.2.A.2.2	Compare the cultures of Native American tribes from various geographic regions of the United States.	American History	Historical Knowledge	Examples are location, clothing, housing, food, major beliefs and practices, art, and music.
	SS.2.A.2.3	Describe the impact of immigrants on the Native Americans.	American History	Historical Knowledge	Examples are location, clothing, housing, food, major beliefs and practices, art, and music.
	SS.2.A.2.4	Explore ways the daily life of people living in Colonial America changed over time.	American History	Historical Knowledge	Examples are food, shelter, clothing, and settlements.
	SS.2.A.2.5	Identify reasons people came to the United States throughout history.	American History	Historical Knowledge	Examples are war, hunger, religious freedom, land, and jobs.
	SS.2.A.2.6	Discuss the importance of Ellis Island and the Statue of Liberty to immigration from 1892 - 1954.	American History	Historical Knowledge	
	SS.2.A.2.7	Discuss why immigration continues today.	American History	Historical Knowledge	Examples are jobs, war, hunger, and religious freedom.
	SS.2.A.2.8	Explain the cultural influences and contrinutions of immigrants.	American History	Historical Knowledge	
17,18,19 20,21,22 23,24	SS.2.C.2.1	Identify what it means to be a United States citizen either by birth or by naturalization.	Civics and Government	Civic and Political Participation	
	SS.2.C.2.2	Define and apply the characteristics of responsible citizenship.	Civics and Government	Civic and Political Participation	Examples are respect, responsibility, participation, self-reliance, patriotism, and honesty.
	SS.2.C.2.3	Explain why United States citizens have guaranteed rights and identify rights.	Civics and Government	Civic and Political Participation	Examples are right to vote, freedom of speech, and freedom of religion.
	SS.2.C.2.4	Identify ways citizens can make a positive contribution in their community.	Civics and Government	Civic and Political Participation	Examples are volunteering and recycling.
	SS.2.C.2.5	Evaluate the contributions of various African Americans, Hispanics, Native Americans, veterans, and women.	Civics and Government	Civic and Political Participation	Black History Month.

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25,26, 27,28	SS.2.C.1.1	Explain why people form governments.	Civics and Government	Foundations of Government, Law, and the American Political System	
	SS.2.C.1.2	Explain the consequences of an absence of rules and laws.	Civics and Government	Foundations of Government, Law, and the American Political System	Examples are lack of order and people get hurt.
29,30, 31	SS.2.C.3.1	Identify the Constitution as the document which establishes the structure, function, powers, and limits of American government.	Civics and Government	Structure and Functions of Government	A more indept study of the Constitution.
	SS.2.C.3.2	Recognize symbols, individuals, events, and documents that represent the United States.	Civics and Government	Structure and Functions of Government	Examples are White House, Capitol, Supreme Court, Washington Monument, Statue of Liberty, Ellis Island, Liberty Bell, Constitution.
32,33	SS.2.E.1.1	Recognize that people make choices because of limited resources.	Economics	Beginning Economics	Needs vs. Wants
	SS.2.E.1.2	Recognize that people supply goods and services based on consumer demands.	Economics	Beginning Economics	Examples are housing and jobs.
	SS.2.E.1.3	Recognize that the United States trades with other nations to exchange goods and services.	Economics	Beginning Economics	Examples are clothing, food, toys, cars.
	SS.2.E.1.4	Explain the personal benefits and costs involved in saving and spending.	Economics	Beginning Economics	